raxpayers Date o	i Death	Spouse's Date	or Death								
		rtment of the Treasury—In									
Form	Inc	ome Tax Retu	urn for Sing	gle and							
<b>1040EZ</b>	Joi	nt Filers With	No Depen	dents (99)	2013			(	MB No. 1545-	-0074	
Your first name a	ınd initial		Last name					Your social security number			
If a joint return, spouse's first name and initial Last name								Spouse's social security number			
Home address (n	umber and s	street). If you have a P.C	O. box, see instru	ctions.			Apt. no.	A	Make sure the	e SSN(s)	
									above are c		
City, town or post	office, state, a	and ZIP code. If you have a	a foreign address, a	also complete spac	es below (see instructions	s).		Preside	ntial Election (	Campaign	
									e if you, or your s		
Foreign country name			Foreign province/state/county Foreign			gn postal code		nt \$3 to go to this w will not change			
								refund.	You	·	
Income	1	Wages, salaries, ar	nd tips. This sh	ould be shown	in box 1 of your For	rm(s) W-2.					
		Attach your Form(	_		j	. ,		1			
Attach Form(s) W-2											
here.	2	2									
Enclose, but do				•							
not attach, any	3 Unemployment compensation and Alaska Permanent Fund dividends (see instructions). 3										
payment.											
	4	, ,									
	5 If someone can claim you (or your spouse if a joint return) as a dependent, check										
	the applicable box(es) below and enter the amount from the worksheet on back.										
		You	Spouse								
		If no one can claim you (or your spouse if a joint return), enter \$10,000 if <b>single</b> ;									
	\$20,000 if <b>married filing jointly.</b> See back for explanation.							5			
	6 Subtract line 5 from line 4. If line 5 is larger than line 4, enter -0										
		This is your taxab	6								
Payments, Credits, and Tax	7	Federal income tax						7			
	oa_	Earned income co		ee instructions)				8a			
	b Nontaxable combat pay election. 8b  9 Add lines 7 and 8a. These are your total payments and credits.										
	9 Add lines 7 and 8a. These are your <b>total payments and credits.</b> 10 Tax. Use the amount on <b>line 6 above</b> to find your tax in the tax table in the										
	instructions. Then, enter the tax from the table on this line.										
Defend	11a					our refund		10			
Refund	114	If line 9 is larger than line 10, subtract line 10 from line 9. This is your <b>refund.</b> If Form 8888 is attached, check here ▶ ☐ 11a									
Have it directly deposited! See											
instructions and	<b>▶</b> b	Routing number						ngs			
fill in 11b, 11c, and 11d or							1 1				
Form 8888.	▶ d	Account number									
Amount You Owe	12	If line 10 is larger t	than line 9, subt	tract line 9 fron	line 10. This is						
	the <b>amount you owe.</b> For details on how to pay, see instructions.										
Third Party Designee	Do you	u want to allow anoth	her person to di	iscuss this retu	rn with the IRS (see i	instructions)?	Yes	. Comp	ete below.	☐ No	
	Designe	e's					ersonal identi				
	name	<b>•</b>		no.	<b>&gt;</b>		umber (PIN)	<b></b>			
Sign		penalties of perjury, I d ely lists all amounts an									

Here Joint return? See instructions.

Keep a copy for your records.

order perhatines of perjury, i declare that i have examined this return and, to the best of my knowledge and benef, it is true, correct, and accurately lists all amounts and sources of income I received during the tax year. Declaration of preparer (other than the taxpayer) is based on all information of which the preparer has any knowledge.

Your signature Date Your occupation Daytime phone number If the IRS sent you an Identity Protection PIN, enter it Spouse's occupation Spouse's signature. If a joint return, both must sign. Date here (see inst. PTIN Print/Type preparer's name Preparer's signature Date

**Paid Preparer Use Only** 

self-employed Firm's EIN ▶ Firm's name ▶ ZIP Phone no.

Check if

Form 1040EZ (2013) Page **2** 

## Use this form if

- Your filing status is single or married filing jointly. If you are not sure about your filing status, see instructions.
- You (and your spouse if married filing jointly) were under age 65 and not blind at the end of 2013. If you were born on January 1, 1949, you are considered to be age 65 at the end of 2013.
- You do not claim any dependents. For information on dependents, see Pub. 501.
- Your taxable income (line 6) is less than \$100,000.
- You do not claim any adjustments to income. For information on adjustments to income, use the TeleTax topics listed under *Adjustments to Income* at www.irs.gov/taxtopics (see instructions).
- The only tax credit you can claim is the earned income credit (EIC). The credit may give you a refund even if you do not owe any tax. You do not need a qualifying child to claim the EIC. For information on credits, use the TeleTax topics listed under *Tax Credits* at *www.irs.gov/taxtopics* (see instructions). If you received a Form 1098-T or paid higher education expenses, you may be eligible for a tax credit or deduction that you must claim on Form 1040A or Form 1040. For more information on tax benefits for education, see Pub. 970.
- You had only wages, salaries, tips, taxable scholarship or fellowship grants, unemployment compensation, or Alaska Permanent Fund dividends, and your taxable interest was not over \$1,500. But if you earned tips, including allocated tips, that are not included in box 5 and box 7 of your Form W-2, you may not be able to use Form 1040EZ (see instructions). If you are planning to use Form 1040EZ for a child who received Alaska Permanent Fund dividends, see instructions.

## Filling in your return

If you received a scholarship or fellowship grant or tax-exempt interest income, such as on municipal bonds, see the instructions before filling in the form. Also, see the instructions if you received a Form 1099-INT showing federal income tax withheld or if federal income tax was withheld from your unemployment compensation or Alaska Permanent Fund dividends.

For tips on how to avoid common mistakes, see instructions. Remember, you must report all wages, salaries, and tips even if you do not get a Form W-2 from your employer. You must also report all your taxable interest, including interest from banks, savings and loans, credit unions, etc., even if you do not get a Form 1099-INT.

## Worksheet for Line 5 — Dependents Who Checked One or Both Boxes

Use this worksheet to figure the amount to enter on line 5 if someone can claim you (or your spouse if married filing jointly) as a dependent, even if that person chooses not to do so. To find out if someone can claim you as a dependent, see Pub. 501.

<b>A.</b> Amount, if any, from line 1 on front		
	+ 350.00 Enter total ►	A
B. Minimum standard deduction		. B. 1,000
C. Enter the larger of line A or line B here		. C.
<b>D.</b> Maximum standard deduction. If <b>single</b> , enter \$6,100; if <b>ma</b>	. D.	
E. Enter the smaller of line C or line D here. This is your stand	. E.	
F. Exemption amount.		)
• If single, enter -0		
<ul> <li>If married filing jointly and —</li> </ul>	<b>F</b> .	
—both you and your spouse can be claimed as dependen		
—only one of you can be claimed as a dependent, enter S	\$3,900.	,

(keep a copy for your records)

If you did not check any boxes on line 5, enter on line 5 the amount shown below that applies to you.

**G.** Add lines E and F. Enter the total here and on line 5 on the front

- Single, enter \$10,000. This is the total of your standard deduction (\$6,100) and your exemption (\$3,900).
- Married filing jointly, enter \$20,000. This is the total of your standard deduction (\$12,200), your exemption (\$3,900), and your spouse's exemption (\$3,900).

## Mailing Return

Mail your return by April 15, 2014. Mail it to the address shown on the last page of the instructions.